

TIVAR® CESTIDUR/DS

Semi-crystalline plastic, TIVAR® DS is a modified high molecular weight PE-UHMW. This, in combination with a particular manufacturing process, results in a quality of PE-UHMW with superior wear and abrasion resistance compared to TIVAR® 1000.







MAIN CHARACTERISTICS

- Internal lubrication for increased abrasion and wear resistance
- Good sliding properties
- Good impact resistance even at temperatures below 200°

APPLICATIONS

- Manufacturing of mechanical parts in general
- Machinery for bottling, canning and packaging
- Chemical and galvanizing industry
- Cryogenic equipment
- Textile industry
- Bottling lines
- Chemical and galvanizing industry
- Chain guides
- Stars and curbs
- Conveyor spindles

POLY

















PROPERTIES		TEST METHODS	UNITS	TIVAR® CESTIDUR/DS
COLOR			-	GREY/YELLOW
DENSITY		ISO 1183-1	g/cm³	0.93
MOLECULAR WEIGHT		-	10 ⁶ g/mol	9
WATER ABSORPTION AT SATURATION IN WATER OF 23°C1		-	%	<0.1
MELTING TEMPERATURE (DSC, 10°C/MIN)		ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	135
THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY AT 23°C		-	W/(K.m)	0.40
COEFFICIENT OF LINEAR THERMAL EXPANSION				
BETWEEN 23-100°C		-	M/(m.K)	200 x 10 ⁻⁶
MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE SERVICE TEMPERATURE IN AIR				
FOR SHORT PERIODS ³		-	°C	120
CONTINUOUSLY: FOR 20.000H ⁴			°C	80
MINIMUM SERVICE TEMPERATURE ⁵		-	°C	-200
TEMPERATURE OF DEFLECTION UNDER LOAD				
METHOD A: 1.8 MPa		ISO 75-1/-2	°C	42
VICAT SOFTENING TEMPERATURE - VST/B50		ISO 306	°C	80
FLAMMABILITY ⁶		- /		
"OXYGEN INDEX"		ISO 4589-1/-2	%	<20
ACCORDING TO UL94 (6MM DE ESPESSURA)		-	-	НВ
TENSION TEST ⁸				
TENSILE STRESS AT YIELD9		ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	19
TENSILE STRAIN AT BREAK		ISO 527-1/-2	%	>50
TENSILE MODULUS OF ELASTICITY ¹⁰		ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	700
COMPRESSION TEST ¹¹				
COMPRESSIVE STRESS AT 1/2/5% NOMINAL STRAIN ¹⁰		ISO 604	MPa	6 /10/16
CHARPY IMPACT STRENGTH - UNNOTCHED ¹²		ISO 179-1/1eU	KJ/m²	NO BREAK
CHARPY IMPACT STRENGTH - NOTCHED		ISO 179-1/1eA	KJ/m²	100P
CHARPY IMPACT STRENGTH - NOTCHED (DOUBLE 14° NOTCH)13		ISO 11542-2	KJ/m²	130
BALL INDENTATION HARDNESS ¹⁴		ISO 2039-1	N/mm²	31
SHORE HARDNESS D (15 S) ¹⁴		ISO 868	-	58
ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES AT 23°C				
ELECTRIC STRENGTH ¹⁵		IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	45
VOLUME RESISTIVITY		IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 1014
SURFACE RESISTIVITY		IEC 60093	Ohm	> 1012
RELATIVE PERMITTIVITY ε, : A 100HZ		IEC 60250	-	2.1
RELATIVE PERMITTIVITY ε _r . A 1MHZ		IEC 60250	-	3.0
DIELECTRIC DISSIPATION FACTOR TAN δ : A 100HZ		IEC 60250	-	0.0004
DIELECTRIC DISSIPATION FACTOR TAN δ : A 1MHZ		IEC 60250	-	0.0010
COMPARATIVE TRACKING INDEX (CTI)		IEC 60112	-	600

NOTE: 1 g/cm 3 = 1000 kg/m 3 ; 1 MPa = 1 N/mm 2 ; 1 KV/mm = 1 MV/m

(1) Measured in 1 mm test pieces. (2) The figures given on these properties are for the most part derived from data from suppliers of raw materials. (3) Only for periods of short exposure (few hours) in applications where only little or no weight is applied to the material. (4) Temperature which it resists for a minimum period of 20,000 hours. After this time, there is a decrease of about 50% in tensile strength compared to the original value. The given temperature values are based on the thermal oxidation degradation which occurs which causes a reduction of the properties. In the meantime, the maximum permissible service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the deduction and magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subject. (5) As the impact strength decreases with decreasing temperature, the minimum permissible service temperature is determined by the extent of impact to which the material is subjected. The values given are based on unfavorable impact conditions and can not therefore be considered absolute limits. (6)

These assessments are derived from the technical specifications of the manufacturers of the raw materials and do not allow the determination of the behavior of the materials under

fire conditions. (7) Most of the figures given by the mechanical properties of the extruded materials are mean values of 30 mm-thick plate tests. (8) Testing of test pieces: Type 1B. (9) Speed test: 50 mm / min. (10) Speed test: 1 mm / min. (11) Testing of test pieces: cylinders ø 8x16 mm. (12) Pendulum used: 15J. (13) Pendulum used: 25J. (14) Measured on 10 mm thick test pieces. (15) Electrode configuration: ø 25 / 75mm coaxial cylinders; in transformer oil in accordance with IEC 60296; Test samples 1 mm thick.